



**DEPARTMENT OF NUTRITION AND DIETETICS**

**DETERMINATION OF OXALATE CONTENT OF SELECTED COMMERCIAL  
CHOCOLATE CONFECTIONERY (CHOCOLATE CANDIES)**

**By**

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ND/23/NAD/PT/0012**

**BEING A PROJECT SUBMITTED TO  
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**2024/2025 SESSION**

### **CERTIFICATION**

This is to certify that this project work presented by MURITADO ABIODUN FIFEHANMI with Matriculation Number ND/23/NAD/PT/0012 has been read, approved and submitted to the Department of Nutrition and Dietetics, Institute of Applied Sciences, Kwara State Polytechnic, Ilorin.

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## DEDICATION

This project is dedicated to God Almighty, the creator of creations, for the wisdom, knowledge and understanding He bestowed upon me during this study.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I acknowledge my maker, the all gracious God for his love, provision, and protection in the course of this study.

Secondly, I appreciate my amiable supervisor in person of MR ADEYEM O O. E., for being a patient, understanding and excellent teacher, my HOD and Supervisor before and during the course of this study. Your genuine love and guidance will forever be acknowledged. God has blessed you sir.

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### **Abstract**

Four (4) popular commercial brands of evaporated milks were analyzed for the detection of adulterants in these products. Fifteen 15 different adulterants were tested for in each commercial product sample. The results revealed that all the commercial powdered milk samples analyzed for contained at least one adulterant (several adulterants were detected in

each sample). This outcome calls for increased and more aggressive monitoring and standardization of these group of products.

***Keywords: Evaporated milk, adulterants, nutrition, health.***

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## **Abstract**

The oxalate contents of a number of selected chocolate confectioneries (candies) were determined titrimetrically. The results showed that oxalate was present in all the samples and ranged between 1.08 mg/g and 8.32mg/g. The Bence chocolate cookie sample was with the highest oxalate content, all other samples were within the range of 1.08-1.82 mg/g. This study reveals that consumption of these candies should be handled cautiously to reduce the risk of consuming much oxalate which may have its impact on health.

***Keywords: chocolate confectionery, cocoa, , candies, oxalate***