Tab 1

DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF A WEB-BASED AI-ENABLED HERBAL MEDICINE SOLUTIONS

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SUBMITTED TO:

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

KWARA STATE POLYTECHNIC, ILORIN

IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENT FOR THE AWARD OF NATIONAL DIPLOMA (ND) IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

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MAY, 2025

CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that this project research was carried out by the following student's **FASESAN STEPHEN AYOBAMI** with matriculation number **ND/23/COM/FT/0091, ADEKUNLE OLAMILEKAN OKANLAWON** with matriculation number **ND/23/COM/PT/0297, TAOFEEK WAKILAT ABIDEMI** with matriculation number **ODLND23COM0007, YUSUF MUHAMMAD AL-IMAM** with matriculation number **ODLND23COM0239, HASSAN BARAKAT AJOKE** with matriculation number **ND/23/COM/PT/0216, AKINOLA TEMIDAYO ABDULWASIU** with matriculation number **ND/23/COM/FT/0035, MALIK AL-AMEEN BOLAJI** with matriculation number **ND/23/COM/PT/0310, ABOLARINWA VICTOR OLUWANISHOLA** with matriculation number **ODLND23COM0022, WAHAB TAJUDEEN OLUWAFEMI** with matriculation number **ODLND23COM0110, SHOFOLAHAN FADEELA OREOLUWA** with matriculation number **ND/23/COM/PT/0319, OLAYIWOLA ABDULLAHI OLAMILEKAN** with matriculation number **ND/23/COM/PT/0030** has been read and approved as meeting part of the requirements for the Award of National Diploma **(ND)** in Computer Science.

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DEDICATION

This project is dedicated to the Almighty God for his protection and guidance from the start of this project to its completion.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We give thanks to Almighty GOD for granting us success for the completion of our program.

Our utmost appreciation goes to our able supervisor **Dr. Abdulrahman T.A.** for his fatherly support and his moral advice throughout this project.

Special thanks to the Head of Department, **Mr. Oyedepo F.S., Dr. Raji A.K., Mr Ayeni J.K**., and other members of the staff of the Department of Computer science for their support always.

Our sincere gratitude also goes to our **beloved parents** for their moral and financial support throughout this project. We say a big thank you and may God bless you immensely (**Amen**).

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ABSTRACT

The increasing global interest in natural and alternative healthcare solutions has sparked a resurgence in the use of herbal medicine. However, access to reliable information and personalized guidance remains a challenge for many users. This project presents the design and development of a web-based, AI-enabled platform dedicated to herbal medicine solutions. The system integrates a user-friendly interface with an intelligent backend powered by mac nii hine learning algorithms to provide accurate information, recommend herbal remedies based on user-input symptoms, and ensure safety by identifying potential herb-drug interactions. Key features include a comprehensive herbal database, a symptom analysis module, and interactive tools for user engagement and education. The platform aims to bridge the gap between traditional herbal knowledge and modern digital technologies, offering an accessible, personalized, and evidence-informed tool for users and practitioners alike. The development process follows best practices in web development and AI integration, ensuring scalability, security, and effectiveness. This solution has the potential to enhance healthcare delivery, especially in underserved areas, and contribute to the digital transformation of traditional medicine.

CHAPTER ONE

GENERAL INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND TO THE STUDY

The practice of using herbs for medicinal purposes has ancient roots, deeply connected with human history and culture. Traditional medicine systems around the world, including Traditional Chinese Medicine, have long relied on plants for healing and wellness (Li & Zhang, 2013; Zhou et al., 2024). This time-tested approach to healthcare utilizes the complex chemical compounds found in plants to address a wide range of ailments. As modern medicine advances, there's a growing recognition of the potential benefits of integrating traditional knowledge with contemporary science.

The increasing interest in natural and alternative medicine has fueled a renewal in the use of herbal remedies. Consumers are actively seeking natural solutions for health concerns, driving the demand for high-quality herbal products and reliable information. However, navigating the world of herbal medicine can be challenging. The efficacy of herbal remedies can vary widely, and accurate identification and proper usage are crucial for safety and effectiveness.

Artificial intelligence offers promising avenues for modernizing and enhancing traditional herbal medicine practices (Zhou et al., 2024). AI-powered systems can assist in identifying herbal plants, analyzing their chemical composition, and predicting their potential therapeutic effects. Furthermore, AI can play a crucial role in standardizing herbal medicine formulations and ensuring product quality.

Web-based platforms can serve as valuable tools for disseminating information about herbal medicine and connecting users with AI-powered solutions. A well-designed web platform can provide users with access to a wealth of knowledge about herbal plants, their traditional uses, and potential benefits. Such platforms can also facilitate personalized recommendations and guidance on the selection and use of herbal remedies.

Therefore, developing a web-based, AI-enabled herbal medicine solution has the potential to bridge the gap between traditional herbal knowledge and modern technology, empowering users to make informed decisions about their health and well-being. Such a system could provide a user-friendly interface for accessing information, identifying herbal plants, and obtaining personalized recommendations, promoting the safe and effective use of herbal medicine.

1.2 PROBLEM STATEMENT

Despite the growing popularity of herbal medicine, several challenges hinder its widespread adoption and integration into mainstream healthcare. One significant issue is the lack of standardization in herbal medicine practices. Traditional knowledge is often passed down through generations, leading to variations in formulations, preparation methods, and dosages. This inconsistency can make it difficult to assess the efficacy and safety of herbal remedies.

Another challenge lies in the accurate identification of herbal plants. Misidentification can have serious consequences, as some plants may be toxic or have adverse effects. Many individuals lack the expertise to correctly identify herbal plants, increasing the risk of accidental poisoning or ineffective treatment.

Furthermore, access to reliable information about herbal medicine can be limited. While numerous resources are available, they may not always be accurate or evidence-based. Consumers often struggle to differentiate between credible sources and unsubstantiated claims, making it difficult to make informed decisions. The integration of AI into herbal medicine faces its own set of hurdles. Developing accurate AI models requires large, high-quality datasets, which can be challenging to obtain for many herbal plants. Additionally, there is a need for robust validation methods to ensure the reliability and accuracy of AI-powered predictions. Therefore, the problem lies in the need for a reliable, standardized, and accessible system that leverages AI and web-based technologies to address the challenges associated with herbal medicine. Such a system should provide accurate information, assist in plant identification, and offer personalized recommendations, promoting the safe and effective use of herbal remedies.

1.3 AIM AND OBJECTIVES

The aim of this study is to design and develop a web-based AI-enabled herbal medicine solution that addresses the challenges identified in the problem statement. The platform aims to provide users with a reliable, accessible, and user-friendly tool for accessing information about herbal medicine and obtaining specified personalized recommendations.

To achieve this aim, the following objectives will be pursued:

1. **Design a user-friendly web interface:** The web interface will be designed to be flexible and easy to navigate, ensuring that users in different technical backgrounds can access the platform's features. The interface will include search functionality, detailed plant profiles, and personalized recommendation tools.
2. **Develop a comprehensive database of herbal plants:** This database will include information on plant identification, traditional uses, chemical composition, and potential therapeutic effects. Data will be gathered from reputable sources, including scientific literature, traditional medicine texts, and expert knowledge.
3. **Develop an AI-based recommendation engine:** This engine will provide personalized recommendations for herbal remedies based on user input, such as symptoms, medical history, and preferences. The engine will utilize machine learning algorithms to identify patterns and predict the potential benefits of different herbal formulations.
4. **Implement an AI-powered plant identification system:** This system will utilize image recognition technology to assist users in identifying herbal plants. Users will be able to upload images of various plants, and the system will provide potential matches based on its database.

5. **Integrate an OpenAI API for solution descriptions:** This integration will enable the platform to provide users with detailed descriptions of recommended herbal solutions, including their traditional use, potential benefits, and their safety precautions.

1.4 SIGNIFICANCE OF THE STUDY

This study holds significant potential for advancing the field of herbal medicine and promoting its safety and effective use. By developing a web-based AI-enabled platform, this research can contribute to several key areas.

Firstly, the platform can enhance access to reliable information about herbal medicine. By consolidating data from diverse sources and presenting it in a user-friendly format, the platform can empower users to make informed decisions about their health and well-being (Mwangi et al., 2006). This is particularly important in a world where misinformation and unreliable sources can easily lead to unsafe practices.

Secondly, the AI-powered plant identification system can reduce the risk of misidentification and promote the safe use of herbal plants. This feature can be particularly valuable for individuals who are new to herbal medicine or who lack access to expert guidance. Misidentification of plants can have serious consequences, and an AI-powered system can provide an additional layer of safety and accuracy.

Thirdly, the AI-based recommendation engine can personalize herbal medicine recommendations, tailoring solutions to individual needs and preferences. This can improve the effectiveness of herbal treatments and enhance user satisfaction.

Fourthly, the integration of an OpenAI API can provide users with detailed descriptions of herbal solutions, enhancing their understanding of the potential benefits and risks (Vera & Palaoag, 2023). This can help users to make informed decisions about their health and to use herbal remedies safely and effectively. The integration of AI can provide users with a wealth of information that would otherwise be difficult to access.

Finally, this study can contribute to the modernization of traditional medicine practices, bridging the gap between ancient knowledge and contemporary technology (Zhou et al., 2024). By demonstrating the potential of AI and web-based platforms, this research can pave the way for further innovation in the field of herbal medicine.

The implementation of AI in traditional medicine can lead to the development of smarter herbal medication delivery systems using AI-powered chatbots (Vera & Palaoag, 2023). These systems can offer low-cost options for improving health and wellness and promote health and well-being (Vera & Palaoag, 2023). Furthermore, AI can aid in auxiliary TCM diagnosis (Feng et al., 2021). Such advancements underscore the potential of AI to enhance and modernize traditional medicine practices.

1.5 SCOPE OF THE STUDY

This study will focus on the design and development of a web-based AI-enabled herbal medicine solution. The scope of the study will encompass the following aspects:

- **Data Collection:** Gathering data on herbal plants from reputable sources, including scientific literature, traditional medicine texts, and expert knowledge.
- **AI Model Development:** Developing AI models for plant identification and recommendation, utilizing machine learning algorithms and image recognition technology.
- **Web Interface Design:** Designing a user-friendly web interface that is intuitive and easy to navigate.
- **OpenAI API Integration:** Integrating an OpenAI API to provide users with detailed descriptions of herbal solutions.
- **Testing and Evaluation:** Testing the platform's functionality and evaluating its performance based on user feedback and objective metrics.

The study will primarily focus on herbal plants commonly used in traditional medicine systems. The platform will be designed to be scalable and adaptable, allowing for the future inclusion of additional plants and features.

1.6 ORGANIZATION OF THE REPORT

This report is structured as follows:

- **Chapter One:** Provides a general introduction to the study, including the background, problem statement, aim and objectives, significance, scope, and organization of the report.
- **Chapter Two:** Reviews the existing literature on herbal medicine, artificial intelligence, and web-based platforms. This chapter will provide a theoretical framework for the study and identify relevant research gaps.
- **Chapter Three:** Describes the methodology used in the study, including the data collection methods, AI model development techniques, web interface design principles, and testing procedures.
- **Chapter Four:** Presents the results of the study, including the performance of the AI models, the usability of the web interface, and the overall effectiveness of the platform.
- **Chapter Five:** Discusses the findings of the study, draws conclusions, and provides recommendations for future research and development.

1.7 DEFINITION OF TERMS

- **Artificial Intelligence:** The simulation of human intelligence processes by machines, particularly computer systems.
- **Herbal Medicine:** The use of plants or plant-derived substances for medicinal purposes.

- **Machine Learning:** A subset of AI that enables systems to learn from data without being explicitly programmed.
- **Web-based Platform:** A software application that is accessed through a web browser.

CHAPTER TWO
LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 REVIEW OF RELATED WORKS

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is revolutionizing healthcare. Research has shown its potential in diagnostics, drug discovery, and personalized medicine (Briganti & Moine, 2020; Khan et al., 2021). AI algorithms can analyze vast amounts of data, identify patterns, and provide accurate results. This technology has led to FDA approvals and implementation in clinical practice.

In traditional medicine, AI is being explored for its potential to modernize practices and enhance drug discovery. Traditional Chinese Medicine, with its rich history, is a prime example. AI can help identify potential drug candidates and standardize herbal medicine information (Zhou et al., 2024).

Web-based platforms are also playing a crucial role in healthcare. They provide centralized, integrated, and easily accessible solutions for managing health-related data and automating routine tasks. These platforms can empower users to make informed decisions about their health and provide reliable information about herbal medicine.

AI-powered chatbots are emerging as valuable tools for delivering healthcare information and support. They can provide users with detailed descriptions of herbal solutions, answer questions, and offer personalized recommendations. The implementation of AI in traditional medicine can lead to smarter herbal medication delivery systems and promote health and well-being (Vera & Palaoag, 2023).

2.2 REVIEW OF GENERAL TEXT
AI-DRIVEN HERBAL MEDICINE SOLUTIONS

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is revolutionizing herbal medicine by enhancing plant identification, quality control, and personalized recommendations. AI-driven systems can accurately identify plants from images, reducing the risk of misidentification and preserving knowledge of native herbal plants. Additionally, AI ensures quality and consistency by detecting adulterants and analyzing chemical compounds in herbs.

AI can also personalize herbal medicine recommendations based on individual needs and preferences. By analyzing patient data, such as medical history and lifestyle, AI systems can suggest herbal remedies that are most likely to be effective. Web-based AI-enabled platforms provide reliable information, empowering users to make informed decisions about their health.

Furthermore, AI-powered chatbots are emerging as valuable tools for delivering healthcare information and support. They can provide detailed descriptions of herbal solutions, answer questions, and offer personalized recommendations. AI can also assist in matching patients

with suitable herbal treatments by considering individual genetic factors and potential interactions with other medications.

The integration of AI and machine learning in robotics presents opportunities for automating tasks such as harvesting and processing medicinal plants. AI-driven robots can analyze data, recognize patterns, and make intelligent decisions, expanding their capabilities in various environments and leading to innovative solutions for managing health-related data and automating routine tasks.

OVERVIEW OF HERBAL MEDICINE

Herbal medicine has been a cornerstone of healthcare for centuries, with a significant portion of the global population relying on it for their healthcare needs. Traditional medicine systems like Traditional Chinese Medicine and Ayurveda have evolved over time, incorporating empirical knowledge and observations. The World Health Organization recognizes the importance of herbal medicine, estimating that many countries rely heavily on it as a primary source of healthcare.

Herbal medicine offers a potentially low-cost option for improving health and wellness, making it an attractive solution for individuals with limited access to healthcare. In fact, herbal medicine constitutes a significant percentage of total drugs administered in many countries, including the United States, China, India, Nigeria, and Ghana.

However, challenges exist, including plant misidentification, lack of standardization, and potential interactions with conventional medications. Integrating AI with herbal medicine can help address these challenges by analyzing large datasets and identifying potential drug candidates. By combining traditional medicine with modern healthcare practices, we can enhance healthcare outcomes and promote a more comprehensive and sustainable approach to medicine.

The growing popularity of herbal medicine highlights the need for conservation efforts, including identifying substitute herbs with equivalent pharmacological effects. The integration of AI and traditional medicine in drug discovery offers a promising framework for identifying successful alternative drug molecules derived from plants.

KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION IN AI SYSTEMS

Knowledge representation is a crucial aspect of AI systems in herbal medicine, enabling them to provide accurate and reliable information. By structuring knowledge about herbal plants, their properties, and uses, AI systems can reason about herbal medicine and offer context-aware recommendations. Techniques like ontologies, knowledge graphs, and semantic networks facilitate this process, allowing AI systems to provide users with relevant information. AI-driven platforms, such as ShennongAlpha, leverage AI to standardize knowledge curation, ensuring accurate identification and differentiation of natural medicinal materials.

The integration of AI in traditional medicine can drive modernization and innovation. For instance, AI can help overcome major problems faced by the traditional Chinese medicine industry, promoting its further development. AI-assisted literature exploration can also identify innovative herbal formulas, reducing the impact of human activities on ecosystems. Moreover, AI-powered chatbots can facilitate the development of smarter herbal medication delivery systems, offering low-cost options for improving health and wellness.

Effective knowledge representation in AI systems is essential for enhancing the accuracy and reliability of herbal plant identification systems. By adopting a design science research approach, researchers can gain a deeper understanding of the herbal medicine ecosystem. AI can also support prescription decisions using traditional contexts and explore the efficacy of herbal extracts and prescriptions. Ultimately, the strategic application of AI in herbal medicine can promote health and well-being while advancing the field.

2.3 HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

The use of herbal medicine has a rich history that dates back to ancient civilizations, with evidence of herbal remedies found in ancient Egyptian, Chinese, and Indian texts. Traditional medicine systems, such as Traditional Chinese Medicine and Ayurveda, have evolved over centuries, incorporating empirical knowledge and observations passed down through generations. These systems are rooted in ancient knowledge and have been refined over time to treat various illnesses and promote overall wellness.

In many cultures, herbal medicine has been a primary source of healthcare, with each culture having its unique set of ethnomedical beliefs and practices associated with health and illness. The World Health Organization defines traditional medicine as the sum total of knowledge, skills, and practices based on the theories, beliefs, and experiences indigenous to different cultures. This definition highlights the significance of traditional medicine in maintaining health and treating physical and mental illnesses.

The importance of herbal medicine is evident in its widespread use, with a substantial percentage of people in many countries relying on it as a primary source of healthcare. In fact, herbal medicine constitutes a significant percentage of total drugs administered in many countries, including the United States, China, India, Nigeria, and Ghana. Individuals with limited access to healthcare often rely on herbal cures and medicines, underscoring the need for further research and development in this field. The discovery of artemisinin, an antimalarial drug derived from a Chinese herb, is a testament to the potential of traditional medicine to provide novel therapeutic agents.

SCIENTIFIC ADVANCEMENT IN HERBAL MEDICINE

Modern research has made significant strides in identifying the active compounds in herbal plants and understanding their mechanisms of action. Scientific studies have validated the effectiveness of various herbal remedies for different health conditions. The integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) with herbal medicine is revolutionizing research by analyzing

large datasets of scientific literature and identifying potential drug candidates. This integration offers a promising framework for discovering alternative drug molecules derived from plants.

AI-assisted literature exploration can identify innovative herbal formulas, reducing the impact of human activities on ecosystems. Additionally, AI can support prescription decisions using traditional contexts and explore the efficacy of herbal extracts and prescriptions. AI-driven platforms, such as ShennongAlpha, standardize knowledge curation, enabling accurate identification and differentiation of natural medicinal materials.

The integration of AI into traditional medicine can drive modernization and innovation. By merging herbal medicine with modern healthcare practices, we can enhance healthcare outcomes and promote a more comprehensive and sustainable approach to medicine. This integration can help overcome major challenges faced by the industry, further promoting its development and unlocking new opportunities for healthcare advancement.

HISTORY OF AI IN HEALTHCARE

The field of Artificial Intelligence (AI) has undergone significant evolution since its emergence in the mid-20th century. Early research focused on symbolic reasoning and problem-solving, laying the groundwork for future advancements. The development of expert systems in the 1980s enabled AI to assist healthcare professionals in diagnosis and treatment planning. The 1990s saw the rise of machine learning, a subfield of AI that can learn from data.

The advent of deep learning in the 2010s revolutionized AI applications across various domains. AI is now being used in medical imaging, diagnostics, drug discovery, and personalized medicine. AI-powered robots are also transforming healthcare, with surgical robots performing minimally invasive procedures with high precision, and assistive robots learning patients' movements to provide tailored support.

The potential of AI to transform numerous aspects of contemporary civilization is substantial. In healthcare, AI has the potential to lead to significant improvements, including providing real-time, better personalized, and population medicine at lower costs. With its ability to process large amounts of data and extract complex features, AI is poised to make a lasting impact on the healthcare industry. As AI continues to evolve, it is likely to play an increasingly important role in shaping the future of healthcare and beyond.

CHAPTER THREE

METHODOLOGY AND ANALYSIS OF THE SYSTEM

3.1 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This chapter details the methodology employed in the development of the proposed system, an AI-powered herbal remedy assistant. It covers the languages and tools used, the chosen mode of deployment, and the underlying model that drives the system. This section will provide a thorough explanation of the technical aspects involved in creating and implementing the proposed system.

The research methodology adopted for developing the proposed system follows an iterative and agile approach. This involves continuous cycles of planning, design, implementation, testing, and evaluation. The system development is divided into key phases:

1. **Requirements Gathering:** A thorough understanding of user needs and expectations regarding herbal medicine informations are gathered through surveys, interviews, and analysis of existing systems
2. **System Design:** The system architecture is designed based on the requirements gathered, specifying the different modules, components, and their interactions. The design phase considers factors such as usability, scalability, security, and maintainability.
3. **Implementation:** The system modules are developed using the chosen programming languages and tools. Each module undergoes unit testing to ensure it functions correctly in isolation,
4. **Integration and Testing:** The developed modules are integrated and tested as a whole to verify their interaction and overall system functionality.
5. **Deployment:** The system is deployed on a suitable platform, making it accessible and useful to the users .
6. **Evaluation:** User feedback is collected and analyzed to access the system's effectiveness, usability, functionality and user satisfaction. Based on the evaluation results, further iterations and improvements are made to the system .
7. **Data Collection and Preprocessing:** Collecting data to be used in model development and analysis training. Multimedia images and descriptions of available medicinal plants will be taken and stored on different media devices for safety purposes.

LANGUAGES AND TOOLS

The following languages and tools were used in the development of the proposed system:

- **TypeScript:** This is their primary programming language used for its strong typing, which aids in code maintainability and reduces errors.

- **React:** A JavaScript library is for building user interfaces and single-page applications, known for its component-based architecture, virtual DOM, and declarative programming style.
- **Tailwind CSS:** A utility-first CSS framework that enables rapid UI development with a focus on consistency and maintainability.
- **Node.js:** It enables JavaScript to run on the server-side for scalable and efficient backend development.
- **MongoDB:** A NoSQL database used for storing data, authentication information, and storage of chat histories, herbal remedies, and user profiles.
- **OpenAI API:** This API powers the core herbal AI assistant functionality, allowing users to ask questions and receive relevant and understandable herbal remedies and plant information without being confiscated .

MODEL OF DEPLOYMENT

The proposed system is deployed as a web application, ensuring accessibility across various devices (desktops, tablets, and smartphones) with a standard internet connection. The deployment leverages a cloud-based infrastructure, providing scalability and reliability. Specifically, the application is hosted on Railway, with the use of services such as MongoDb for database management, and for storing assets and user data. This cloud-based architecture enables automatic scaling to handle unstable user traffic and ensures high availability, minimizing downtime. The web application follows a responsive design approach, adapting its layout and functionality to different screen sizes and resolutions, providing a consistent user experience across devices.

MODEL USED

The herbal AI assistant is powered by a Large Language Model accessed via the OpenAI API. This model has been fine-tuned with a curated dataset of herbal medicine knowledge, encompassing plant properties, traditional uses, potential interactions, and safety information. The dataset includes information extracted from reputable herbal medicine databases, scientific publications, and expert knowledge. The LLM is designed to understand user queries expressed in natural language, retrieve relevant information from its knowledge base, and generate informative and helpful responses.

3.2 ANALYSIS OF THE EXISTING SYSTEM

Before introducing The proposed system, it's essential to understand how people currently access herbal medicine information. Methods include books, websites, traditional healers, community knowledge, and other sources. Books offer in-depth knowledge, while websites provide easy access. Traditional healers offer personalized guidance, and community knowledge is passed down through generations. Other sources include specialized databases and educational courses. However, books can be outdated, and website quality varies. Traditional healers have limited accessibility, and community knowledge can be lost if not documented. Other sources may have limited accessibility.

3.3 PROBLEMS OF THE EXISTING SYSTEM

Herbal medicine information is often unreliable due to lack of standardization and misinformation. Unregulated industry practices and false online claims make it hard to find trustworthy sources. This can lead to ineffective or harmful uses. To ensure safe use, reliable information is crucial. Verifying information and promoting credible sources can help mitigate risks and promote informed decision-making, ultimately protecting public health. Reliable sources are essential.

Herbal medicines also face some challenges due to lack of standardization, inconsistent information, and limited access to experts. Traditional knowledge is at risk of being lost, and misidentifying plants can be dangerous. These issues make it hard for users to safely and effectively use herbal remedies. Standardization, documentation, and proper identification are crucial to addressing these problems and ensuring safe use.

3.4 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed system is an AI-powered platform that provides reliable information on herbal remedies, bridging the gap between users and experts. By combining traditional knowledge with modern AI technology, it empowers individuals to make informed decisions about their health and well-being. The system aims to address issues of misinformation, lack of standardization, and accessibility barriers. With its key modules, the system strives to provide accurate and trustworthy information, promoting safe and effective use of herbal remedies and supporting individuals in achieving better health outcomes. It's a valuable resource for those seeking herbal knowledge.

i. **The Homepage:** introduces users to the proposed system, showcasing its main value proposition and encouraging them to sign up or sign in to start using the herbal AI assistant.
ii. **(Authentication Module)**
Sign In: Allows existing users to log in to their accounts and be able to use it without any issues.
Sign Up: Enables new users to create an account.
Forgot Password: Helps users recover access to their accounts by resetting their password.
iii. **Ask AI Module:** The system's main interface is a chat-based AI assistant where users can ask questions about herbal remedies and receive detailed plant information and solutions, providing accurate and trustworthy information to support informed health decisions. It's user-friendly and accessible.iv. **Chat History Module:** A page that shows all previous conversations between the user and the AI. Users can search through past chats and revisit specific past conversations.
v. **Chat Single View Module:** A detailed view of a specific past conversation, allowing users to review the full chat history and solutions provided for a particular topic.
vi. **Profile Page Module:** Allows users to view and update their personal information, account settings, and preferences.
vii. **About Page Module:** Provides information about the proposed system's mission, vision, and how the platform combines traditional herbal knowledge with modern AI technology.

viii. **Blog Page Module:** Features articles and research about herbal medicine, traditional remedies, and plant knowledge to educate users.

ix. **Other Pages Module:**
Contact Page: Enables users to get in touch with the proposed system's team for support, feedback, or inquiries.
Privacy Policy Page: Details how user data is collected, used, and protected, ensuring transparency and compliance with data protection regulations.
Terms of Service Page: Outlines the rules and guidelines for using the proposed system's platform, including disclaimers about medical advice.
FAQ Page: Answers common questions about the proposed system, herbal remedies, and how to use the platform effectively.
Pricing Page: Shows different subscription plans (Free, Premium, Professional) with their features and pricing details.
(Not Found Page: A 404 page that displays when users try to access a non-existent route.

3.5 ADVANTAGES OF THE PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed system will offers several advantages over existing systems for accessing herbal medicine information:

- **Reliability:** By leveraging AI and expert-curated data, the proposed system aims to provide users with trustworthy information.
- **Accessibility:** The platform is designed to be accessible to users regardless of their location or background.
- **Personalization:** AI algorithms can tailor recommendations to individual user needs and preferences.
- **Efficiency:** The proposed system can quickly provide users with relevant information, saving them time and effort.
- **Preservation:** The platform can help preserve and promote traditional herbal knowledge.

CHAPTER 4
DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SYSTEM

4.1 DESIGN OF THE NEW SYSTEM

This is the most crucial phase in the development of the system. The design of the system is the approach of work-out on how best to effectively use the system. The emphasis of system design is to develop a new system that helps to achieve the desired goal and objectives of the system and to overcome some of the shortcomings of the existing system.

4.1.1 OUTPUT DESIGN

An output is the information obtained from processing of data which has been fed into the system. The output from the system is drawn from the data entered into the system and this output has to undergo a lot of process. It has to extract required information from the database and present it in a desirable look and feel.

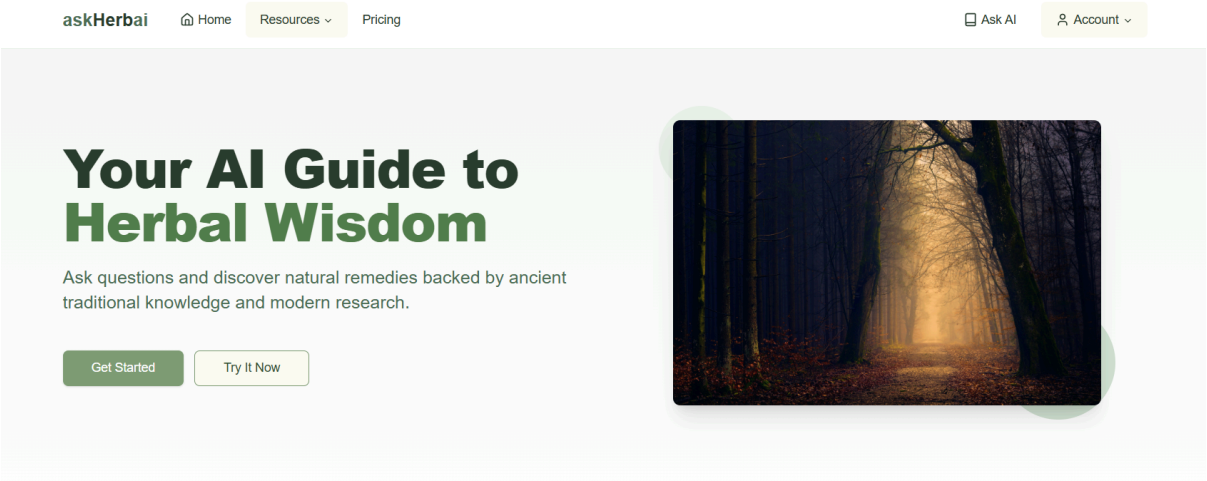


Fig 4.1 Homepage

This is the main page that welcomes users to the AI herbal assistant platform. It introduces the purpose of the system, highlighting its ability to provide natural remedy suggestions through AI. The homepage emphasizes the platform's value proposition combining traditional herbal wisdom with modern technology and encourages users to begin their journey by signing up or logging in to explore the features of the herbal assistant.

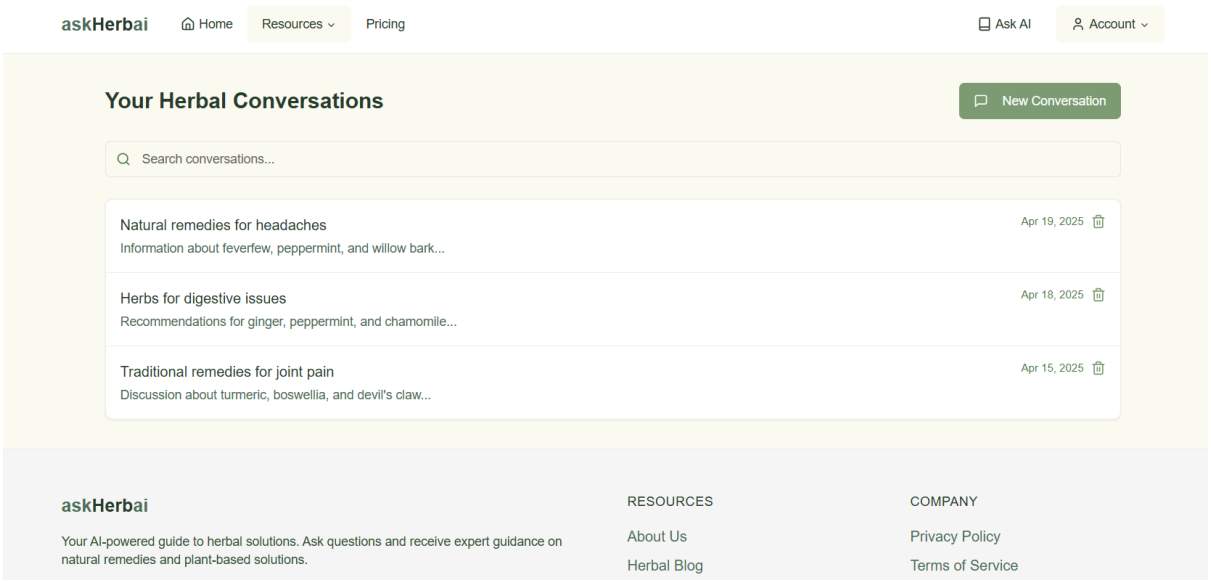


Fig 4.2 Chat History Module

This page serves as an archive of all user-AI interactions. Users can view a chronological list of previous conversations, enabling them to revisit useful responses or continue ongoing discussions. The search functionality helps users locate specific chats easily, offering a personalized history of their inquiries and herbal advice received.

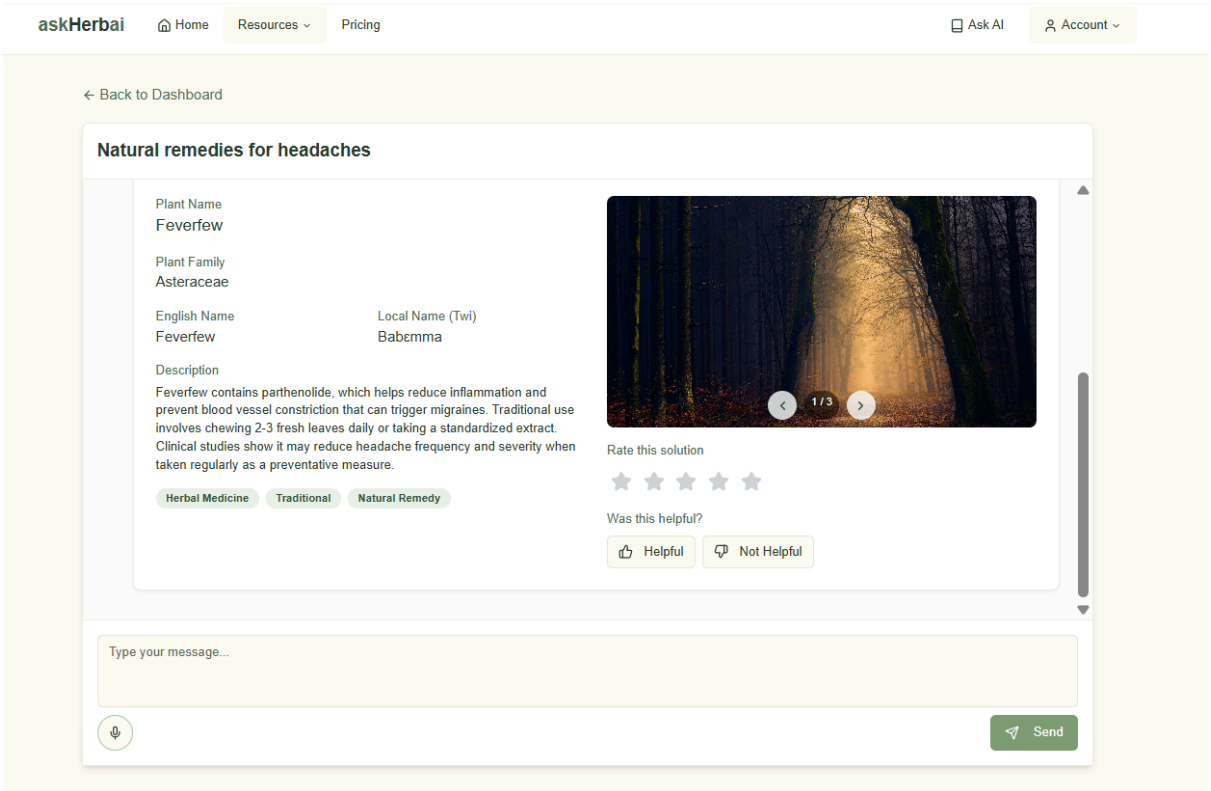


Fig 4.3 Chat Single View Module

This page provides an in-depth view of a selected past conversation between the user and the AI. It allows users to read through the entire chat session on a specific topic, review the AI's recommendations, and possibly share or bookmark important responses for future reference.

4.1.2 INPUT DESIGN

Inputs are raw data that are put into the computer for further processing. At this stage, the information gathered is analyzed and reconstructed into more relevant and useful data. Data analysis and restructuring was based on the identification of the basic needs and the structure required for the project and restructuring of these data were such achieved efficiently. The analysis and restructuring of these were such that the system is capable of presenting one frame at a time to the user. The system accepts data by choosing from a list of options. The keyboard is used in entering texts into text boxes in different forms. Below are snapshots of the input design.

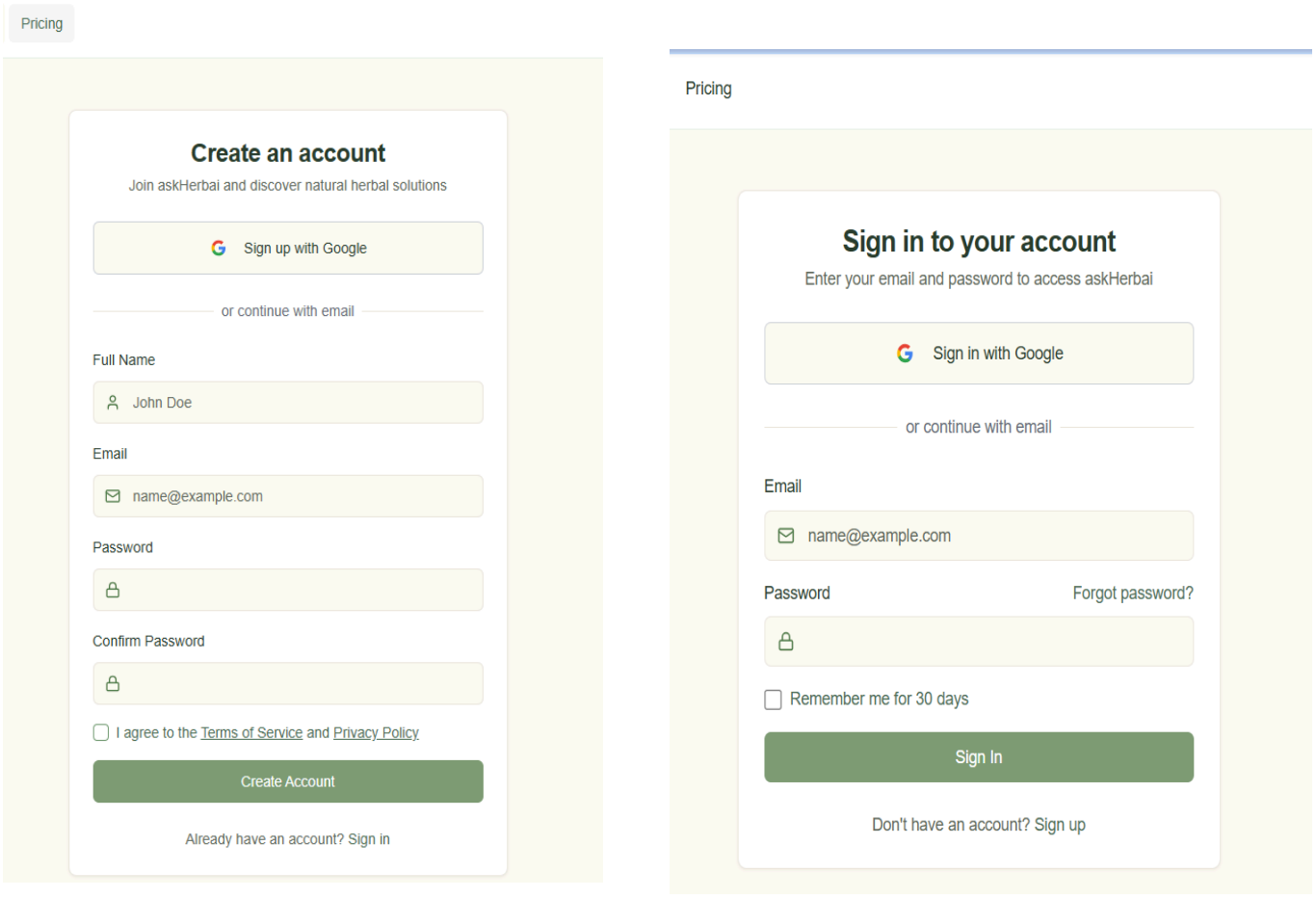


Fig 4.4 Authentication Module

This is the main gateway for user access and security. The Sign In page allows returning users to securely access their accounts using their credentials, while the Sign Up page provides a straightforward registration process for new users. The Forgot Password feature ensures users can regain access to their accounts if they lose their login credentials, promoting seamless and secure account management.

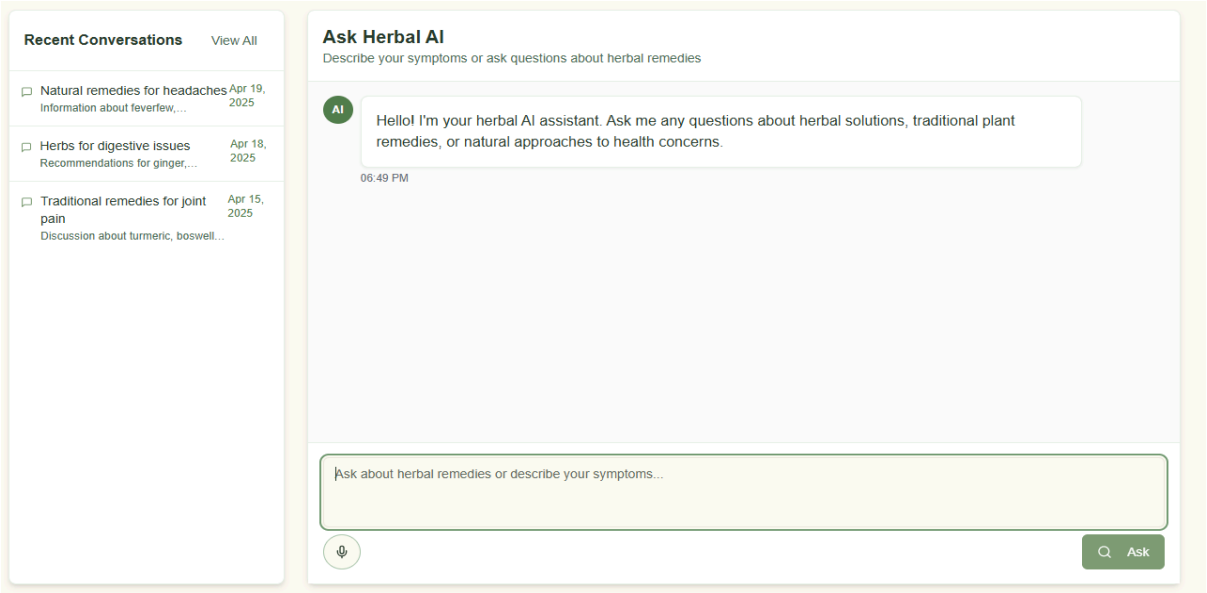


Fig 4.5 Ask AI Module

This is the main page for user interaction with the AI herbal assistant. It features a user-friendly chat interface where users can type in their questions about herbs and natural remedies. The AI then responds with intelligent suggestions, plant-based solutions, and relevant herbal information often accompanied by descriptions, uses, and visuals of the plants making this module the core functional component of the platform.

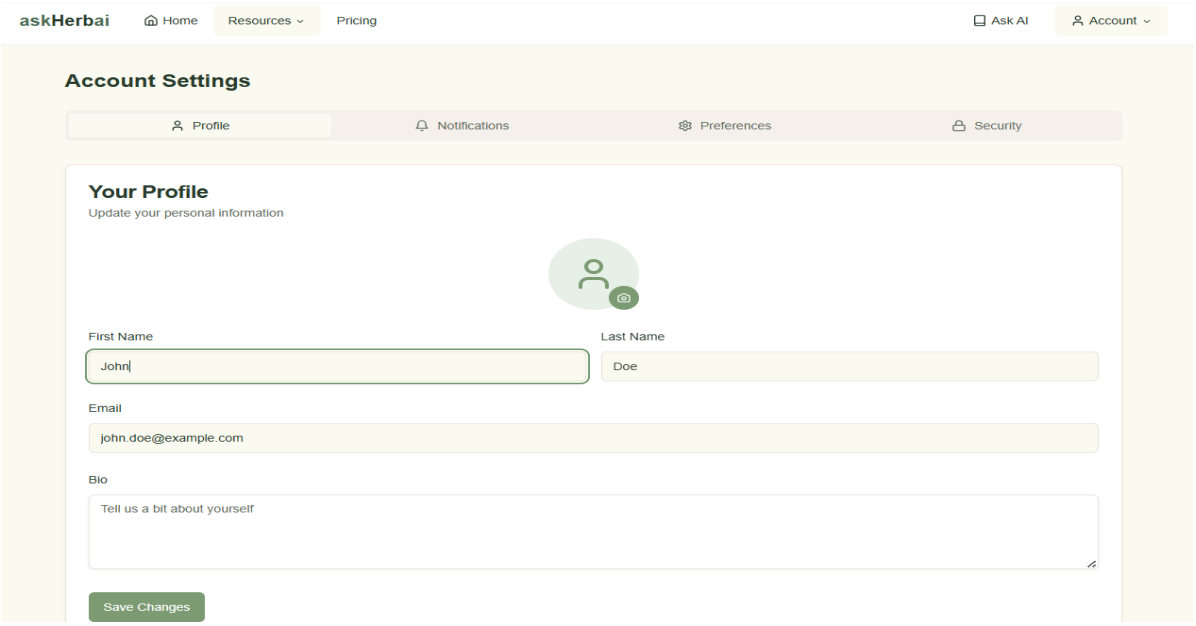
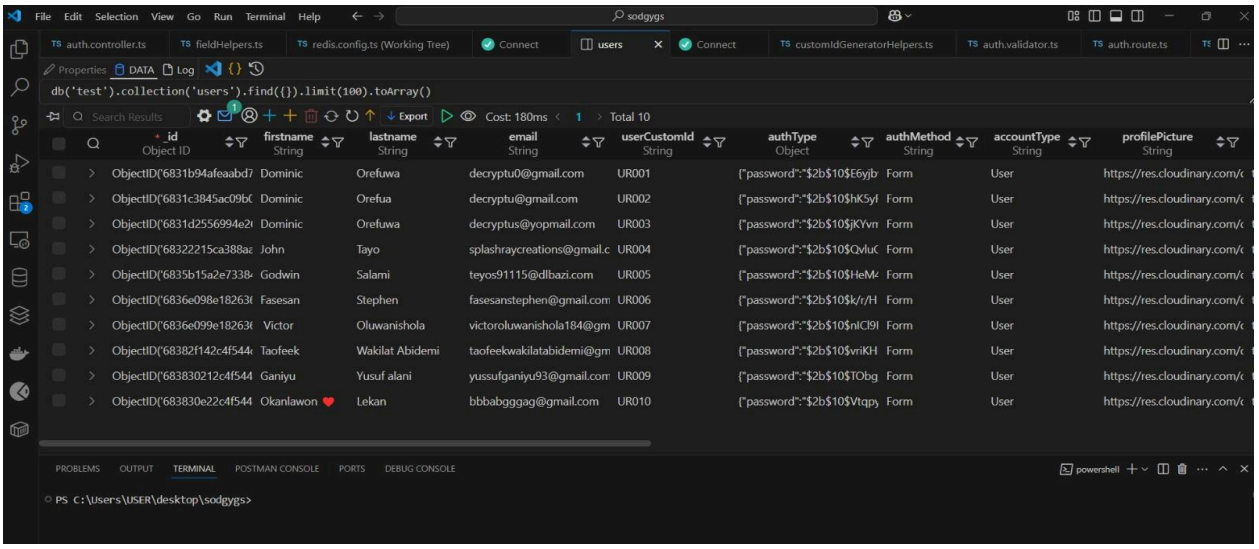


Fig 4.6 Profile Page Module

This is the main page where users can manage their account details and preferences. From updating personal information like name and email to adjusting settings such as notification preferences, this page ensures users have full control over their experience and how they interact with the platform

4.1.3 DATABASE DESIGN



4.1.4 PROCEDURE DESIGN

This refers to the sequence of steps users or developers must follow to access and use the proposed AI herbal assistant system. The steps outlined below assume a local development environment:

a) Start the backend server by opening a terminal or command prompt and running:
`cd backend, npm install, npm run dev`

This will launch the Node.js backend and connect to the MongoDB database.

b) Ensure MongoDB is running. This can be done by starting MongoDB locally or using a cloud service like MongoDB Atlas with the correct connection string.

c) In a new terminal window, navigate to the frontend directory and run the following commands to start the React app: `cd frontend, npm install,npm start`

d) Once the frontend server starts successfully, open a web browser (e.g., Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox).

e) Type the system's local development URL in the browser's address bar:

`http://localhost:3000`

f) The homepage of the AI herbal assistant will be displayed. From here, users can either sign up or sign in.

g) After authentication, users can navigate to the “Ask AI” module to interact with the AI assistant by entering herbal health-related questions.

h) Other features such as viewing past conversations (Chat History), reading blog posts, updating profile information, or accessing documentation pages (FAQ, Terms of Service, etc.) can be accessed from the main menu/navigation bar.

4.2 SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION

4.2.1 CHOICE OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

The proposed system is built using **JavaScript**, with **ReactJS** for the frontend and **Node.js** for the backend. JavaScript was chosen for its versatility, efficiency, and wide adoption in modern web development. ReactJS enables the creation of fast, responsive user interfaces through its component-based architecture and virtual DOM, which improves performance and reusability.

Node.js, running on the V8 JavaScript engine, handles backend processes with its non-blocking, event-driven architecture—ideal for building scalable APIs and handling real-time interactions. The unified use of JavaScript on both client and server sides simplifies development and maintenance. Combined with **MongoDB**, a flexible NoSQL database, the stack supports fast data retrieval and seamless AI-driven user interactions, making it well-suited for the system's dynamic nature.

4.4.2 HARDWARE SUPPORT

The minimum hardware requirements for this system are listed below:

Hardware Description I	**Minimum Requirements**
Processor	Intel Pentium 233 MHz or above/ AMD Athlon II X2 250
Memory	256MB RAM
Hard disk space	Up to 3GB Recommended
Display	65536 colors, set to at least 1024x768 resolution

Keyboard	108 Standard

4.2.3 SOFTWARE SYSTEM

The minimum software requirements in developing this system are listed below:

Software Description	**Minimum Requirements**
Operating System (OS)	All 32-bits Microsoft Windows (95/98/2000/XP/7/8/10)
Browser	Mozilla Firefox (15.0 & above), Internet Explorer (8.0 & above), Google Chrome (20.0 & above.)
Web/Application Server	NodeJs Runtime
Database Server	MongoDb (NoSql)
Database Connectivity	NodeJs

4.2.4 IMPLEMENTATION TECHNIQUES

System implementation refers to the stage where the designed and analyzed system is developed, tested, and deployed for real-world usage. For the successful implementation of the proposed AI-powered herbal assistant platform, several tools and technologies were first installed and configured. These included **Node.js**, **MongoDB**, **ReactJS**, **Visual Studio Code**, and **Postman** for API testing. In addition, **Git** was used for version control, and **Google Chrome** served as the primary browser for development and testing.

Before development began, the environment was properly set up to ensure compatibility between the backend, frontend, and database. The backend API was built using Node.js with Express, while the frontend was developed using ReactJS to create a responsive and interactive user interface. MongoDB was used to store user data, chat history, and herbal remedy information in a flexible document format.

The system was implemented using the **Agile methodology**, which emphasizes iterative development and frequent testing. This approach was chosen to allow continuous feedback, flexibility, and quicker response to changes during development. Each module (authentication, AI interaction, chat history, etc.) was developed and tested in sprints to ensure modular and error-free deployment.

This structured yet flexible technique ensured that the platform was developed efficiently and remained scalable, user-friendly, and adaptable to real-world use.

4.3 SYSTEM DOCUMENTATION

4.3.1 PROGRAM DOCUMENTATION

The AI-powered herbal assistant system is organized into multiple functional modules, each handling a specific task such as user authentication, AI chat interaction, and chat history management. The backend of the application is developed with Node.js and Express, while the frontend is built using ReactJS. All code is structured using modular architecture and stored in a version-controlled environment using Git and GitHub. The database layer is managed with MongoDB. For development purposes, the backend is run on **localhost:5000** and the frontend on **localhost:3000**, with communication enabled via RESTful APIs.

4.3.2 OPERATING THE SYSTEM

To run the system locally, follow the steps below:
a) Ensure Node.js and MongoDB are installed on the system.
b) Open a terminal or command prompt.
c) Navigate to the backend project folder and run `npm install`, then `npm run dev` to start the server.
d) In a new terminal window, navigate to the frontend project folder and run `npm install`, then `npm start` to launch the React app.
e) Open a browser (e.g., Google Chrome) and go to `http://localhost:3000` to access the AI herbal assistant platform.

4.3.3 MAINTAINING THE SYSTEM

To ensure optimal performance and security, the following maintenance practices should be followed:

- Regularly update dependencies for both frontend and backend using `npm update`.

- Keep MongoDB and Node.js versions up to date to avoid compatibility issues.
- Periodically back up the MongoDB database to prevent data loss.
- For cloud deployment, ensure that environment variables, database credentials, and API keys are securely managed using `.env` files and hosting platform configurations.
- Monitor application logs and error reports to identify and fix issues promptly.

CHAPTER FIVE

5.1 SUMMARY

This project was aimed at designing and developing a web-based AI-powered platform that offers natural herbal medicine solutions to users. The system helps bridge the gap between individuals seeking reliable herbal information and the knowledge traditionally held by herbal practitioners. Built using modern technologies such as ReactJS for the frontend, Node.js/Express for the backend, and MongoDB as the database, the platform provides a user-friendly experience where users can interact with an AI assistant to receive accurate herbal recommendations. The system was designed using the Waterfall development model, which guided the sequential development phases from requirement gathering to implementation. Each chapter of this work covered different aspects such as system analysis, design, implementation, and documentation.

5.2 CONCLUSION

This project successfully demonstrated the integration of artificial intelligence with traditional herbal medicine in a web-based system. The platform empowers users to make informed decisions about their health by providing AI-driven responses based on a structured herbal database. It supports essential features such as user authentication, herbal consultations, chat history tracking, and blog content on natural remedies. The use of open-source tools like Node.js and MongoDB contributed to cost-effectiveness and scalability. By offering a digital herbal assistant, this system promotes better awareness of natural health alternatives and shows great potential for expansion into mobile platforms or integration with certified herbal experts in the future.

5.3 RECOMMENDATIONS

In light of the system development and the findings throughout this project, several recommendations are proposed to ensure the continued success, usability, and improvement of the AI-enabled herbal assistant platform. These recommendations aim to enhance the system's functionality, security, and accessibility for a wider range of users. By adopting these suggestions, future versions of the platform can become even more effective in delivering trusted herbal knowledge and promoting alternative healthcare solutions.

- The AI model used for herbal consultation should be periodically retrained or updated to include new herbal research and user interaction feedback.
- A professional database administrator should oversee the MongoDB database to ensure data consistency, security, and performance optimization.
- Future versions of the system can integrate multilingual support to reach users from diverse backgrounds.
- It is recommended to expand the blog and educational content to enhance user trust and engagement.

- Regular updates and maintenance should be carried out to ensure the platform remains functional, secure, and responsive to emerging health trends.
- The inclusion of mobile app support and offline access could further improve accessibility and usage, especially in regions with limited internet connectivity.

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Chu, H., Moon, S., Park, J., Bak, S., Ko, Y., & Youn, B.-Y. (2022). The Use of Artificial Intelligence in Complementary and Alternative Medicine: A Systematic Scoping Review. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 13. https://doi.org/10.3389/fphar.2022.826044

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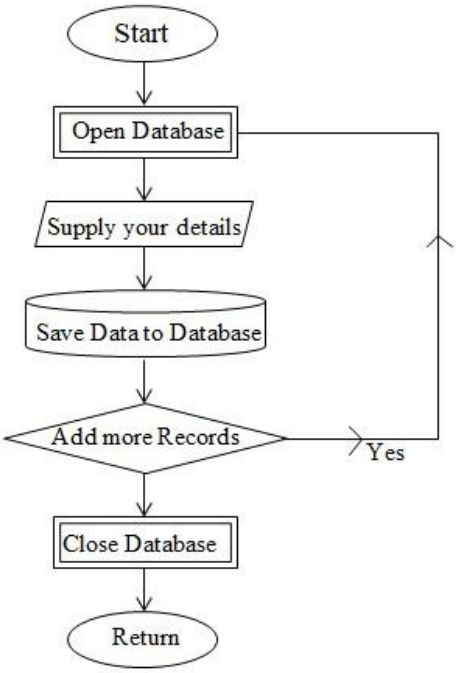
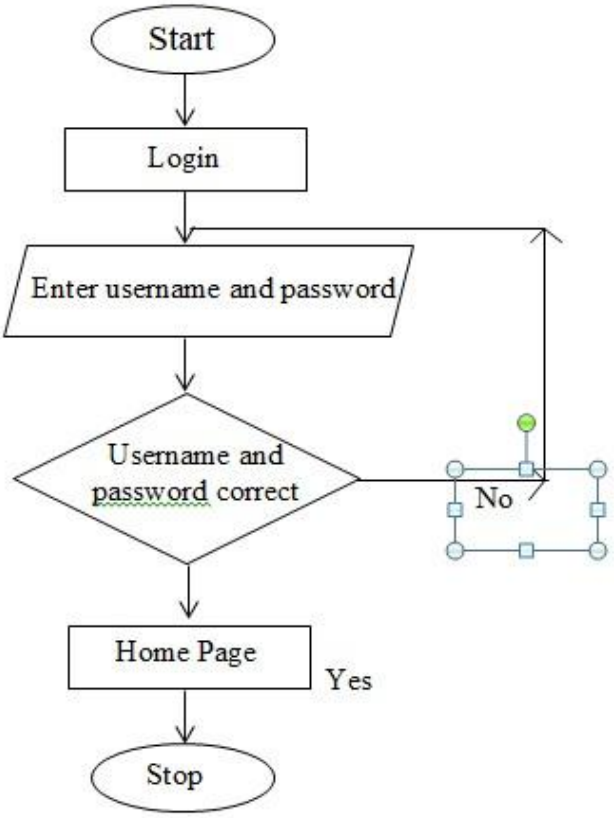
APPENDIX A - Program Flowchart

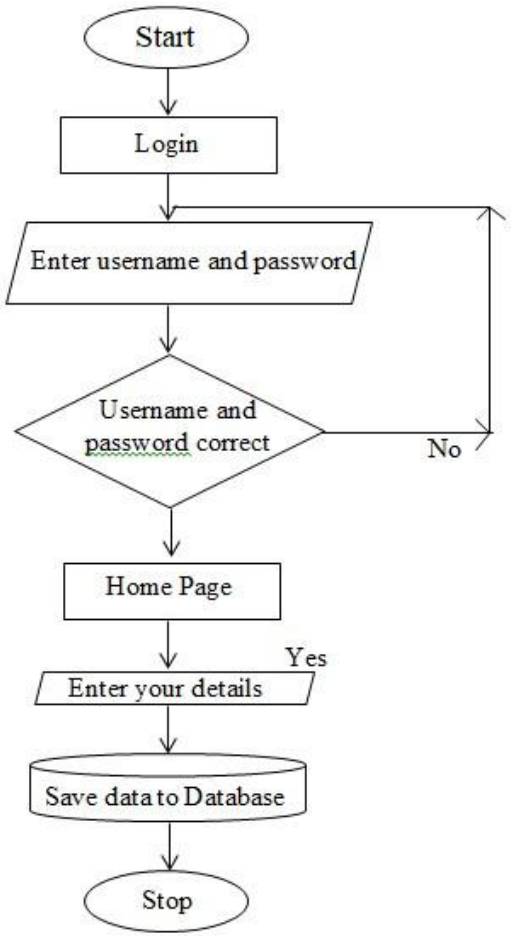
REGISTRATION



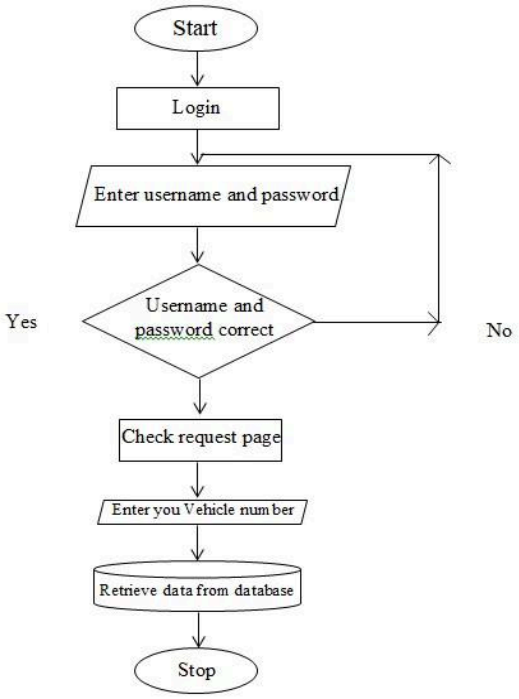
LOGIN



SUBMIT REQUEST



CHECK REQUEST



APPENDIX B

PROGRAM SOURCE CODE

```
<DOCTYPE html> <html lang-"en">
<head>
<title> Kwarapoly Portal </title>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width device-width, initial-scale = 1">
<link rel="shortcut icon" href="images/kplogo.png"/>
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/bootstrap.min.css"
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/sp8cial.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/style.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="font/all.css">
<script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.2.1.slim.min.js"
integrity="sha384-
KJ302DKtlkvYIK3UENzmM7KCkRr/rE9/Qpg6aAZGJwFDMVNA/GpGFF93h
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integrity-"sha384-
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b40' crossorigin="anonymous"></script> <script
sro="https://maxcdn.bootstrapedn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/js/bootstrap.min.is"
integrity="sha384-
JZR6Spejh4U02d8jOt6vLEHfe/JQGiRRSQQXSIFWpilMquVdAyjUarS+76PV
CmY|' crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
</head>
<body class="bg-grey">
<nav class-"navbar navbar-expand-Ig py-|g-3 navbar-dark sticky-top"
style="back ground-color:
rgb(2, 156, 90);">
<div class="container">
<! - logo -->
<a href-"homepage.html" class-"navbar-brand mr-Ig-5"> <img
src="images/me.png" alt="“”  class='logo-dark" height="60” />
</a>
```

Tab 2