CHAPTER TWO

LITERATURE REVIEW AND THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK

2.1 Introduction

This chapter reviews existing literature on the role of the accountancy profession in economic development, with a focus on Nigeria and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria (ICAN). It explores theoretical perspectives, empirical studies, and gaps in knowledge relevant to the study.

2.2 Conceptual Framework

2.2.1 Definition of Key Concepts

- Accountancy Profession: A regulated field involving financial reporting, auditing, taxation, and advisory services to ensure economic transparency.
- Economic Impact: The measurable contribution of a profession or sector to GDP, employment, and business efficiency.

 ICAN District Society: A branch of ICAN that promotes professional standards, training, and ethical practices among accountants in a specific region.

2.2.2 Accounting and Economic Development

- Accounting enhances investor confidence through reliable financial reporting (Okafor, 2020).
- It supports corporate governance by reducing fraud and mismanagement (Adegbite, 2019).
- Professional accountants contribute to tax compliance and public sector efficiency (Oyedokun, 2021).

2.3 Historical Development of the Accounting Profession in Nigeria

2.3.1 Pre-Independence Era

- Introduction of basic bookkeeping during colonial rule.
- Lack of formal accounting standards before ICAN's establishment.

2.3.2 Post-Independence and ICAN's Role

- ICAN was established in 1965 to regulate the profession.
- Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in 2012.
- Expansion of district societies, including ICAN llorin, to localize professional development.

2.3.3 ICAN Ilorin's Contributions

- Organizes mandatory Continuing
 Professional Development (CPD)
 programs.
- Advocates for ethical accounting practices in Kwara State.
- Supports SMEs through financial literacy initiatives.

2.4 Empirical Studies on Accounting and Economic Growth

2.4.1 Global Perspectives

- Studies show that strong accounting systems reduce corruption (World Bank, 2023).
- Countries with robust professional accounting bodies attract more foreign investment (IMF, 2022).

2.4.2 Nigerian Context

- ICAN members contribute to Nigerian
 Stock Exchange (NSE) transparency
 (Okoye, 2021).
- Accounting firms enhance SME survival rates by improving financial management (Adeyemi, 2020).
- ICAN's regulation reduces financial fraud in public institutions (EFCC Report, 2024).

2.5 Theoretical Framework

2.5.1 Agency Theory (Jensen & Meckling, 1976)

- Explains the role of accountants in reducing conflicts between business owners (principals) and managers (agents).
- ICAN ensures audit independence to prevent fraud.

2.5.2 Human Capital Theory (Becker, 1964)

- Professional accountants add value through skills and expertise.
- ICAN's training programs enhance workforce productivity.

2.5.3 Institutional Theory (DiMaggio & Powell, 1983)

- ICAN, as an institution, shapes accounting norms in Nigeria.
- Compliance with ICAN standards improves business credibility.

2.6 Summary of Literature Review

- The accounting profession is critical for economic stability.
- ICAN plays a regulatory and developmental role in Nigeria.
- Gaps in research: Few studies focus on district-level impact (e.g., ICAN llorin).